

Lemma 3.

Let $f_n: [0, x_0] \rightarrow [0, 1]$ be increasing, differentiable and satisfy:

- $f_n \rightarrow f$
 $n \rightarrow \infty$

- $f_n' \geq \frac{1}{\Sigma_n} f_n$, for all n ,

where $\Sigma_n = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} f_k$.

Then, there exists $x_1 \in (0, x_0]$, s. t.

(i) for $x < x_1$, there exists $c_x > 0$,
s.t. for any n large enough

$$f_n(x) \leq \exp(-c_x n)$$

(ii) for $x > x_1$,

$$f(x) \geq x - x_1.$$

Proof (Lemma 3):

Define

$$x_1 := \inf \left\{ x : \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \Sigma_n(x)}{\log n} \geq 1 \right\}$$

1) $x < x_1$

Fix $\delta > 0$. Take

$$x' := x - \delta, \quad x'' = x - 2\delta.$$

①

↳ • Step 1: stretched exponential decay.

There exists $\delta > 0$, N , s.t.

$$\sum_n(x) \leq n^{\delta-d}, \text{ for all } n > N.$$

Since $f_n \uparrow$, we get for all $y < x$:

$$f_n'(y) \geq f_n(y) n^\delta.$$

Integrate between x' and x :

$$\log f_n(x) - \log f_n(x') \geq \delta \cdot n^\delta$$

$\log \uparrow \ell$

$$f_n(x') \leq \ell \cdot \exp(-\delta n^\delta)$$

↳ • Step 2: exponential decay.

By Step 1,

$$\sum_n(x') \leq \Sigma < \infty, \text{ for all } n.$$

Since $\Sigma_n \uparrow$, we get for all $y < x'$:

$$f_n' \geq \frac{n}{\Sigma} \cdot f_n.$$

Integrate between x'' and x' :

$$\log f_n(x') - \log f_n(x'') \geq \delta \cdot n / \Sigma.$$

$\log \uparrow \ell$

$$f_n(x'') \leq \ell \cdot e^{-\delta n / \Sigma}$$

2) $x > x_\Delta$.

$$\text{Define } T_n := \frac{1}{\log n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{f_i}{i}.$$

Differentiate:

$$T_n' = \frac{1}{\log n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{f_i'}{i} \geq \frac{1}{\log n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{f_i'}{\sum_i}$$

Note that, for all i :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{f_i}{\sum_i} &= \frac{\sum_{i \in \Delta} - \sum_i}{\sum_i} \geq \int_{\sum_i}^{\sum_{i \in \Delta}} \frac{df}{f} \\ &= \log \sum_{i \in \Delta} - \log \sum_i \end{aligned}$$

Thus, we get:

$$T_n' \geq \frac{1}{\log n} \cdot [\log \sum_{i \in \Delta} - \log \sum_i].$$

Integrate between $x' \in (x_\Delta, x)$ and x :

$$T_n(x) - T_n(x') \geq (x - x') \cdot \frac{1}{\log n} \cdot [\log \sum_{i \in \Delta}(x) - \log n]$$

$$\downarrow f(x) \quad \downarrow f(x')$$

thus,

$$f(x) - f(x') \geq (x - x') \cdot \limsup_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\log \sum_{i \in \Delta}(x')}{\log n} \geq 1$$

Let $x' \rightarrow x_\Delta^+$ and get

$$f(x) - f(x_\Delta) \geq x - x_\Delta$$

□